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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO. 5618	
09/900,335	07/05/2001	Peter Bernhard Kaars	US018099		
7590 08/18/2004			EXAMINER		
Corporate Patent Counsel			CHEA, PHILIP J		
U.S. Philips Corporation 580 White Plains Road			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
Tarrytown, NY 10591			2153		
			DATE MAILED: 08/18/2004	4	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.



	1.				(d-/			
	•	Applic	ation No.	Applicant(s)	47			
	Office Action Summers	09/900	0,335	KAARS, PETER BEI	RNHARD			
,	Office Action Summary	Exami	ner	Art Unit				
		Philip .		2153				
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THE - Externation - If the - If NC - Failt Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FO MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNIO nsions of time may be available under the provisions of SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this commu- period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30 period for reply is specified above, the maximum stature to reply within the set or extended period for reply verily received by the Office later than three months af- ed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	CATION. of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no inication.) days, a reply within the utory period will apply ar will, by statute, cause the	o event, however, may a statutory minimum of th d will expire SIX (6) MO application to become A	reply be timely filed irty (30) days will be considered timely. NTHS from the mailing date of this comm	nunication.			
Status								
1)[\sqrt{1}	Responsive to communication(s) filed	1 op 05 July 2001			•			
2a)□								
3)	,							
٠,١	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Dienosit	ion of Claims	,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	.,, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,				
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4)🖂	Claim(s) <u>1-8</u> is/are pending in the app							
5\ <u> </u>	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are Claim(s) is/are allowed.	e williarawn irom	consideration.					
	Claim(s) 1-8 is/are rejected.			•				
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
8)	Claim(s) are subject to restrict	ion and/or electio	n requirement	•.				
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	on Papers			•				
	The specification is objected to by the			-				
10)⊠	0)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>30 November 2001</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ objected to by the Examiner.							
	Applicant may not request that any object		•	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				
11)	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the oath or declaration is objected to		•	• • •	` ,			
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<u> </u>	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119							
	Acknowledgment is made of a claim fo	or foreign priority	under 35 U.S.C.	§ 119(a)-(d) or (f).				
a)	☐ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:				•			
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Attachmen	t(s) e of References Cited (PTO-892)		4) [] (nt-ni	Summany (DTO 442)				
	ie of References Cited (PTO-892) re of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PT	O-948)		Summary (PTO-413) (s)/Mail Date				
3) 🛛 Infon	mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or F r No(s)/Mail Date <u>7/5/2001</u> .			Informal Patent Application (PTO-15	52)			

DETAILED ACTION

1. Claims 1-8 have been examined.

Priority

 Applicant has not complied with one or more conditions for receiving the benefit of an earlier filing date under 35 U.S.C. 120 as follows:

An application in which the benefits of an earlier application are desired must contain a specific reference to the prior application(s) in the first sentence of the specification or in an application data sheet (37 CFR 1.78(a)(2) and (a)(5)). The specific reference to any prior nonprovisional application must include the relationship (i.e., continuation, divisional, or continuation-in-part) between the applications except when the reference is to a prior application of a CPA assigned the same application number.

Information Disclosure Statement

3. The information disclosure statement (IDS) submitted on July 5, 2001 was filed after the mailing date of the 5th on July 2001. The submission is in compliance with the provisions of 37 CFR 1.97. Accordingly, the information disclosure statement is being considered by the examiner.

Specification

- 4. The abstract of the disclosure is objected to because:
 - Note, the heading of the abstract should be "Abstract of the Disclosure".
 - Note line 1, a paragraph indention should be included.
 - Note line 2, a period after network should be included.

Correction is required. See MPEP § 608.01(b).

The disclosure is objected to because of the following informalities:

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Note page 3, lines 2 and 6, "analyses", and page 4, paragraph 14, line 5,
 "analyzes", consistent language should be used.

Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 101

5. 35 U.S.C. 101 reads as follows:

Whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter, or any new and useful improvement thereof, may obtain a patent therefor, subject to the conditions and requirements of this title.

Claims 7 and 8 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 because the claimed invention is directed to non-statutory subject matter. Claims 7 and 8 refer to software that does not reside on a computer readable medium.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

6. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

Claims 1, 2, 7, and 8 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Ramaley et al. (U.S. 6,687,741).

- 6-1 As per claims 1, 7, and 8, Ramaley et al. disclose a system of controlling communication of content information from a sender to a receiver via a data network, as claimed, comprising:
 - means for verifying if the content information is available from a source other
 than the sender (column 5, lines 51-64); and

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 means for deciding if the content information is available from the other source, substituting for the content information a pointer to the other source (column 5, lines 51-64).

Claims 7 and 8 are rejected as being software implementing the method as disclosed by Ramaley et al (see rejection above).

6-2 As per claim 2, Ramaley et al. disclose controlling communication content on request of at least the sender (column 6, lines 4-19).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 7. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 7-1 Claim 3 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Ramaley et al. as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of Berghel. Although Ramaley et al. disclose substantial features of the claimed invention (discussed above), he fails to directly disclose verifying the content based on a watermark. However, these features are well known in the art and would have been an obvious modification of the system disclosed by Ramaley, as evidenced by Berghel.

In an analogous art, Berghel discloses watermarks being used as a method of authenticating a document for verification purposes (page 2, see WATERMARKS IN USE, line 1), such as claimed above.

Given the teaching of Berghel, a person having ordinary skill in the art would have readily recognized the desirability and advantages of modifying Ramaley et al. by employing a

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verification method based on watermarks, such as disclosed by Berghel, in order to guarantee authenticity, quality, ownership, and source (page 1, see Watermarking Cyberspace, 3rd paragraph). It would have been obvious to use the fingerprinting system taught by Zabetian to verify that a particular document located at another source is the same document from the local source.

7-2 Claims 4-6 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Ramaley et al. as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of Zabetian (U.S. 6,327,656).

As per claim 4, although Ramaley et al. disclose substantial features of the claimed invention (discussed above), he fails to directly disclose verifying the content based on a fingerprint of the content. However, these features are well known in the art and would have been an obvious modification of the system disclosed by Ramaley, as evidenced by Zabetian.

In an analogous art, Zabetian discloses a system that can receive and transmit electronic mail (column 2, lines 42-45), verifying the document is the one to be received by using a fingerprint (column 7, lines 21-29).

Given the teaching of Zabetian, a person having ordinary skill in the art would have readily recognized the desirability and advantages of modifying Ramaley et al. by employing a fingerprinting method, such as disclosed by Zabetian, in order to identify and distinguish the document from other documents, even one that appear to be similar from one another (column 2, lines 4-9). It would have been obvious to use the fingerprinting system taught by Zabetian to verify that a particular document located at another source is the same document from the local source.

As per claim 5, although Ramaley et al. disclose substantial features of the claimed invention (discussed above), he fails to directly disclose the communication being carried out depending on the sender being authorized to communicate the content information. However, these features are well known in the art and would have been an obvious modification of the system disclosed by Ramaley, as evidenced by Zabetian.

In an analogous art, Zabetian discloses a system that can receive and transmit electronic mail conditionally being carried out depending on the sender being authorized to communicate the content (column 6, lines 37-53).

Given the teaching of Zabetian, a person having ordinary skill in the art would have readily recognized the desirability and advantages of modifying Ramaley et al. by employing a sender authorization, such as disclosed by Zabetian, in order to certify the content that is being transmitted, and be alerted of any fraudulent activity (column 6, lines 54-62).

As per claim 6, although Ramaley et al. disclose substantial features of the claimed invention (discussed above), he fails to directly disclose the communication being carried out depending on the receiver being authorized to receive the content. However, these features are well known in the art and would have been an obvious modification of the system disclosed by Ramaley, as evidenced by Zabetian.

In an analogous art, Zabetian discloses a system that can receive and transmit electronic mail depending on the receiver being authorized to receive the content information (column 11, lines 17-43).

Given the teaching of Zabetian, a person having ordinary skill in the art would have readily recognized the desirability and advantages of modifying Ramaley et al. by employing a receiver authorization, such as disclosed by Zabetian, in order to confirm the receiver was correctly intended (column 11, lines 53-62).

Conclusion

8. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure:

Kuzma (U.S. 5,771,355)

Kuzma (U.S. 5,781,901)

Beck et al. (U.S. 5,903,723)

Birrell et al. (U.S. 6,009,462).

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Philip J Chea whose telephone number is 703-605-1202. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 8:00-4:30.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Glenton Burgess can be reached on 703-305-4792. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Philip J Chea Examiner Art Unit 2153

PJC

SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER
TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2100